Focusing on Food Safety and Beef Quality

- In the mid-1980s, the focus of the beef industry turned to food safety and quality issues in beef products.
- These issues had led to a decline in consumer confidence and established the need for the first National Beef Quality Audit (1991), which identified quality defects that impaired beef’s competitiveness with other meat products.

AgriLife Extension’s Response

- In response to the first National Beef Quality Audit, the National Cattlemen’s Beef Association initiated the Beef Quality Assurance Program to educate beef producers on management practices to ensure production of safe, high-quality beef products.
- In partnership with the Texas Beef Council and the Texas and Southwestern Cattle Raisers Association, the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service began educating Texas producers on BQA principles.
- Participants can become BQA-certified through the program. The mission of the BQA Program is to promote management practices that enable cattle producers to improve beef quality and strengthen consumer confidence in beef as a safe, nutritious, wholesome food product.
- Program participants receive education and hands-on training to learn about animal health products, feedstuffs, feed additives and medications, care and husbandry practices, and other core practices.
- The BQA Program also provides systematic information to cattle producers nationwide on production methods and practices for improving beef quality and safety under a wide variety of management and environmental conditions.

Economic Impacts

- BQA-certified calves receive an estimated $1.59 per hundredweight price premium (Montana State University estimate).
- For approximately 105,000 head of weaned and stocker calves owned or managed by participants in the Texas BQA Program, the increase in gross returns was estimated at $625,000 for 2017, and $9.8 million for all participants since 2001.