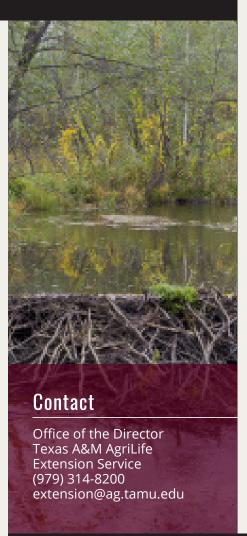
Protecting the State's NATURAL RESOURCES



Challenges

- Population growth, urbanization, land conversion and increasing water demand threaten Texas' natural resources.
- Environmental factors such as drought, floods, non-point source water pollution and exotic species invasion have placed the state's water supply under tremendous stress.



AgriLife Extension Response

The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service delivers a wide range of researched-based educational resources and programs on water quality, water-use efficiency, wildlife and fisheries practices, ecosystem and parks management, tourism and open-space planning to improve habitat. These programs delivered more than **4,700 educational events**, planning meetings and workshops in 2021 to more than **940,000** educational and other contacts..

- Water resource programs focus on watershed health and protection, onsite wastewater treatment systems, water-use efficiency, private water wells and soil nutrient management.
- Wildlife and fisheries programs focus on restoration and conservation of wildlife habitat, disease and predator control, harvest management practices and aquaculture and pond management tools.
- Land and ecosystem programs address the ecology and restoration of rangeland and coastal wetlands, including best practices for brush, pasture, rangeland and weed management.
- **Community and economic development** programs bolster
 parks tourism, including open space
 planning and outreach to support
 planned development and growth as
 well as the **\$28 billion** outdoor
 recreation and tourism industry.
- Texas Master Naturalist
 encompasses 5,800 volunteers who
 help with research and provide
 stewardship education at nature
 centers, parks, and other nature based sites totaling more than
 228,000 acres.
- Texas 4-H Youth Development
 Program engaged more than 44,700 youth in natural resource and environmental learning activities.

Economic Impacts

- Wildlife management programs led to estimated economic gains of \$14.4 million by reducing property damages from feral hogs and improving quail biology and habitat.
- Wildlife Services' predation and beaver damage management efforts led to \$62.3 million in economic benefits for landowners.
- Texas Master Naturalists contributed 442,000 hours of volunteer service in 2021, which was valued at \$12.6 million.
- Water conservation programs produced estimated cost savings of \$15.0 million, while groundwater protection education led to over \$789,000 in economic benefits for private well owners.
- Participants in ecosystem
 management programs reported
 anticipated economic benefits of
 \$32.7 million on 15.6 million
 managed acres.

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EXTENDING KNOWLEDGE | PROVIDING SOLUTIONS

2022

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