Protecting the State's NATURAL RESOURCES



Challenges

- Population growth, urbanization, land conversion and increasing water demand threaten Texas' natural resources.
- Environmental factors such as drought, floods, non-point source water pollution and exotic species invasion have placed the state's water supply under tremendous stress.



TEXAS A&M

AgriLife Extension Response

The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service delivers a wide range of researched-based educational resources and programs on water quality, water-use efficiency, wildlife and fisheries practices, ecosystem and parks management, tourism and open-space planning to improve habitat. These programs delivered more than **1,150 educational events**, planning meetings and workshops in 2023 to more than **109,000** educational and other contacts.

- Water resource programs focus on watershed health and protection, onsite wastewater treatment systems, water-use efficiency, private water wells and soil nutrient management.
- Wildlife and fisheries programs focus on restoration and conservation of wildlife habitat, disease and predator control, harvest management practices and aquaculture and pond management tools.
- Land and ecosystem programs address the ecology and restoration of rangeland and coastal wetlands, including best practices for brush, pasture, rangeland and weed management.
- development programs bolster parks tourism, including open space planning and outreach to support planned development and growth as well as the \$28 billion outdoor recreation and tourism industry.
- Texas Master Naturalist
 encompasses 5,300 volunteers who
 help with research and provide
 stewardship education at nature
 centers, parks, and other nature based sites totaling more than
 228,000 acres.
- Texas 4-H Youth Development
 Program engaged more than 108,000 youth in natural resource and environmental learning activities.

Economic Impacts

- Wildlife management programs led to estimated economic gains of \$24.2 million by reducing property damages from feral hogs and improving quail biology and habitat.
- Wildlife Services' predation and beaver damage management efforts led to \$83.8 million in economic benefits for landowners.
- Texas Master Naturalists
 contributed 553,000 hours of
 volunteer service in 2023, which was
 valued at \$17.6 million.
- Water conservation programs produced estimated cost savings of \$23.7 million, while groundwater protection education led to over \$1.1 million in economic benefits for private well owners.
- Participants in rangeland and natural resource management programs reported anticipated economic benefits of \$64.8 million on 3.5 million managed acres.

EXTENDING KNOWLEDGE | PROVIDING SOLUTIONS

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